## Class/Home worksheet: Alg2H Factoring : Perfect cubes + Grouping + Solving Equations (page 224 and beyond)

Perfect Cubes (P. 224)			
$A^3 + B^3 = (A + B) \cdot (A^2 - AB + B^2)$			
$A^3 - B^3 = (A - B) \cdot (A^2 + AB + B^2)$			
SOAP : Same , Opposite , Always-Positive (Adin rule)			
Factor:	$x^3 + 125 =$	Factor: $x^3 - 27y^3 =$	
Factor:	$-8x^3 + 27y^3 =$	Factor: $12x^2y^3 - 27x^2y =$	

Problems denoted with \*\* mark are taken from Exeter Phillips Academy (NH) math curriculum.

Factor by grouping : When you have polynomial with 4 or more terms.

Factor:	Factor:
$x^2 + 3x + 2x + 6 =$	$x^2y + 5xy + 4x + 20 =$
Factor:	Factor (page 223, prob 55):
(hint: Reorder)	
$5y^2 + 2y + 10y + 4 =$	xy + xz + wy + wz =

Factor			
Factor (page 223, prob 68):	Factor (page 223, prob 56):		
(hint: Don't stop)			
$a^{16} - 1 =$	$b^3 - b^2 + 2b - 2 =$		
Factor (nono 222, nuch 40)	Faster (name 222, analy 74);		
Factor (page 223, prob 48):	Factor (page 223, prob 74):		
(Challenging)	(Challenging)		
$a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - 9 =$	$-225x + x^3 =$		

## Solving by factoring (principle of zero product)

**Question 1** 

what is x?

$$x^2 - 3x - 28 = 0$$

Answer:

## Question 2

The square of a number equals one less than twice the number. find the number.

Answer:

## **Question 3** (Question 1, page 234)

A house has a square living room. In remodeling, one wall is moved 3 meters to extend the room into a rectangular shape, with a resulting area of  $180 m^2$ . What are the dimensions of the square room?

Answer: