Name:	
Block:	

Algebra 2H: Relations, Functions, Graphs Group A

There are 20 questions in this test, each worth 2pts.

There are **2** additional extra-credit questions, each worth **1pt**.

You have **30 minutes** to complete the test (more if you have accommodations).

=== Start of test

For each of the following, choose the most specific name from "Relation", "Function", or "1-to-1 function":

1) (2,4) (6,8) (-1,4) (0,0)		
a) Relation	b) Function	c) 1-to-1 function
2) (-1,2) (2,-1) (-3,4) (4,-3)		
a) Relation	b) Function	c) 1-to-1 function
3) (4,2) (1,3) (4,6) (1,1)		

a) Relation b) Function c) 1-to-1 function





a) Relation

b) Function

c) 1-to-1 function

Find the equation for the following lines:

- 5) With slope = -2 and y-intercept = 1. Give your result in slope-intercept form.
- 6) Through (3,-2) with slope = 2. Give your result in slope-intercept form.

7) Through (2,1) and (1,-2). Give your result in slope-intercept form.

- 8) Perpendicular to the line y = 4x + 2, and having x-intercept 5. Give your result in slope-intercept form.
- 9) Parallel to the line y = 5x + 6, and containing the point (1,3). Give your result in slope-intercept form.

10) Perpendicular to the line $y = 2 - \frac{1}{2}x$, and having y-intercept 5. Give your result in slope-intercept form.

11) Write in standard form the equation $(3-y) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 5 - (3x+2) \cdot \frac{1}{2}$

12) Is the following equation linear $(y - 3x) \cdot 2 = (5x - y) + 1$?

13) What is the slope of the line going through the points (3,0) and (-1,0)?

14) What is the slope of the line given by (2y - 3) = 5 - 3x?

=== Given the following definitions: f(x) = 2x + 5, $g(x) = x^2 - 3$, h(x) = |7 - x|

Find the following:

15) *f*(3)

16) *g*(-1)

17) f(g(g(h(8))))

18) h(-7)

19) h(3x+2)

20) $(h \circ f)(x)$

Extra-credit

21) Two lines are perpendicular, and neither is vertical. How many quadrants must the lines pass through? Explain.

22) The picture below describes a right triangle. The 3 sides have slopes denoted as m_1, m_2, m_3 . What can you say about the value of the product $(m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3)$? See 4 options below. Explain your answer.



- a) $-\infty < (m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3) \le -1$ b) $-1 \le (m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3) \le 0$
- c) $0 \le (m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3) \le 1$
- d) $1 \le (m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3) < \infty$

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